



SOURABH A. CHAUDHARI & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To
The Members of Maventech Clean and Green Private Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Maventech Clean and Green Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the **Companies Act, 2013** ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its Profit and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of key audit matters as per SA 701, Key Audit Matters are not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted company.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.



Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's board of directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

The provisions of the **Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016** ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company since

- (a) It is not a subsidiary or holding company of a public company;
- (b) Its paid-up capital and reserves and surplus are not more than Rs.1 Crores as at the balance sheet date;
- (c) Its total borrowings from banks and financial institutions are not more than Rs.1 Crores at any time during the year; and
- (d) Its turnover for the year is not more than Rs.10 Crores during the year.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, and the cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the **Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014**;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;



(f) Since the Company's turnover as per last audited financial statements is less than Rs.50 Crores and its borrowings from banks and financial institutions at any time during the year is less than Rs.25 Crores, the Company is exempted from getting an audit opinion with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls vide notification dated June 13, 2017; and

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;

a. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;

b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and

c. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

For Sourabh A. Chaudhari & Co.

Chartered Accountants

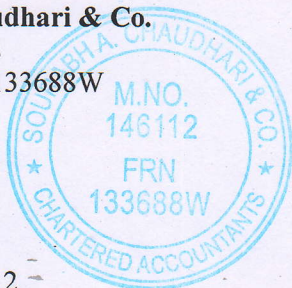
Firm Registration No.133688W

S.A. Chaudhari

Sourabh A. Chaudhari

Proprietor

Membership No.146112



UDIN: 21146112 AAAA I 4629

Place: Nashik

Date: 18th December, 2020

MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U29253MH2012PTC226165

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

	Note	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Equity and Liabilities			
Shareholders' Funds			
Share Capital	3	100,000	100,000
Reserves and Surplus	4	1,479,813	1,307,852
		<u>1,579,813</u>	<u>1,407,852</u>
Share Application money pending allotment			
		-	-
Non-current Liabilities			
Long-term Borrowings	5	5,630,869	5,645,869
Deferred Tax Liability		121,624	122,110
		<u>5,752,493</u>	<u>5,767,979</u>
Current Liabilities			
Trade Payables	6	1,343,904	1,826,033
Other Current Liabilities	7	3,774,022	2,121,473
Short-term Provisions	8	167,056	388,087
		<u>5,284,982</u>	<u>4,335,594</u>
Total		<u>12,617,288</u>	<u>11,511,425</u>
Assets			
Non-current Assets			
Fixed Assets:			
Tangible Assets	9	2,485,649	2,722,412
Intangible Assets		10,810	14,410
Capital Work In Progress		-	-
		<u>2,496,459</u>	<u>2,736,822</u>
Long Term Loans & Advances	10	1,900,500	125,500
Other Non-current Assets	11	242,954	485,908
		<u>4,639,913</u>	<u>3,348,230</u>
Current Assets			
Inventories	12	2,686,510	201,560
Trade Receivables	13	4,208,252	6,992,391
Cash and Bank balances	14	538,473	900,664
Short-term Loans and Advances	15	544,141	68,580
		<u>7,977,376</u>	<u>8,163,195</u>
Total		<u>12,617,288</u>	<u>11,511,425</u>

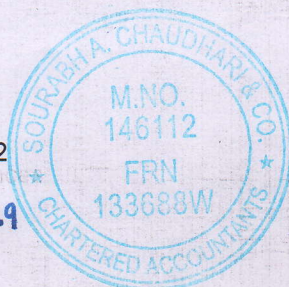
The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report of even date

For **Sourabh A. Chaudhari & Co.,**
Firm Registration Number: 133688W
Chartered Accountants

Sourabh A Chaudhari
Proprietor
Membership Number: 146112

UDIN: 21146112AAAAA14629
Place: Nashik
Date: 18/12/2020



For and on behalf of the Board

Rajendra P Thakre
DIN: 03082901
Director

Rohan Upasani
DIN: 07979609
Director

Place: Nashik
Date: 18/12/2020

MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U29253MH2012PTC226165

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2020

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Revenue from Operations (Net)	16	8,904,754	41,853,445
Other Income	17	10,066	5,408
Total Revenue		8,914,820	41,858,853
Expenses			
Cost of Goods Sold	18	5,852,346	33,926,855
Employee Benefit Expenses	19	1,614,047	2,343,186
Finance Costs	20	52	3,885
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	21	240,363	240,352
Other Expenses	22	929,319	3,592,638
Total Expenses		8,636,126	40,106,916
Profit (Loss) Before Exceptional Items & Tax		278,693	1,751,937
Prior Period Expenses		-	-
Profit (Loss) Before Tax		278,693	1,751,937
Tax Expenses			
- Current Tax		64,170	337,410
- Deferred Tax Expense		(486)	9,829
Profit (Loss) for the Year		215,009	1,404,698
Earnings per Share (Basic and Diluted)		21.50	140.47
[Nominal Value per share: Rs. 10]			

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report of even date.

For Sourabh A. Chaudhari & Co.,
Firm Registration Number: 133688W
Chartered Accountants

Sourabh A Chaudhari
Proprietor
Membership Number: 146112

Place: Nashik
Date: 18/12/2020



UDIN: 21146112AAAAA14629

For and on behalf of the Board

Rajendra P Thakre
DIN: 03082901
Director

Place: Nashik
Date: 18/12/2020

Rohan Upasani
DIN: 07979609
Director

MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to financial statements for the year ended on 31 March 2020

1 Corporate Information

Maventech Clean & Green Private Limited (the company) is a Private Limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The company is engaged in the business of Renewable Energy Devices and Systems and its allied Services. The company mainly caters to domestic market.

2 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP) under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. These financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with the accounting standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle of 12 months.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

a. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

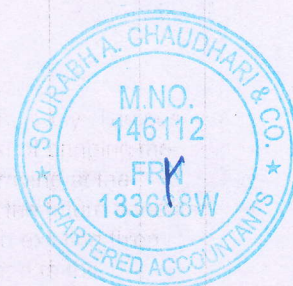
b. Tangible Fixed Assets

Fixed assets, are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing fixed assets including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of fixed assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

c. Depreciation on tangible fixed assets

Effective from 1st April, 2014 the Company depreciates its fixed assets, over the useful lives as prescribed in Schedule-II



to the Companies Act, 2013.

Individual low cost assets (acquired for Rs. 5,000/- or less) are fully depreciated in the same year in which they are purchased.

d Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed out in the period they occur.

Investments that are readily realisable and are intended to be held for not more than one year from the date, on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments. Current investments are carried at cost or fair market value, whichever is lower.

f Inventories

Cost of Raw materials, components, stores and spares is determined on a actual cost or net realisable value whichever is less.

Work in process is measured based on percentage of completion method.

g Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reasonably measured.

Revenue from services is recognized when all the significant services are provided as per the terms of the contract and are recognized net of trade discounts, rebates etc..

h Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest Income is included under the head "other Income" in the statement of profit and loss.

i Foreign currency translation

Initial Reconciliation

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency on the date of transaction.

Subsequent Recognition

Exchange differences on restatement of all other monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

j Current and deferred tax

Tax expense for the period, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the period. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the taxation laws prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Deferred tax is recognised for all the timing differences, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. At each Balance Sheet date, the company reassesses unrecognised deferred tax assets, if any.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable timing differences.



Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

k Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date and are not discounted to its present value.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. A company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

l Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit for the period after deducting any attributable tax thereto for the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive equity shares.

n Cash and cash equivalents

In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.



3 Share Capital

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Authorised :		
50000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	500,000	500,000
Total	500,000	500,000
Issued :		
10000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	100,000	100,000
Total	100,000	100,000
Subscribed and Paid-Up :		
10000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	100,000	100,000
Total	100,000	100,000

(a) Reconciliation of number of equity shares

	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Number of shares	Rupees	Number of shares	Rupees
Balance as at the beginning of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Additions/ Deletions during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has one class of equity share having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(c) Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Number	% holding in the class	Number	% holding in the class
Rajendra P Thakre	2,000	20.00%	2,000	20.00%
Madhuraj Kulkarni	1,500	15.00%	1,500	15.00%
Shrikant Joshi	1,500	15.00%	1,500	15.00%
Rohan Upasani	2,500	25.00%	2,500	25.00%
Pankaj Salgude	2,500	25.00%	2,500	25.00%
Total	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

d) During the year ended March 31, 2020, no shares have been allotted by way of bonus shares or pursuant to contracts without receipt of cash.

e) No shares have been reserved for issue under options.



MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U29253MH2012PTC226165
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020
4 Reserve and Surplus

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	1,307,852	-96,846
Profit (Loss) for the year	215,009	1,404,698
Less: Previous Years Adjustments	43,049	-
Balance as at the end of the year	1,479,813	1,307,852
Total	1,479,813	1,307,852

5 Long-term Borrowings

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Unsecured:		
From Directors & Other Parties	5,630,869	5,645,869
Total	5,630,869	5,645,869

6 Trade Payables

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Trade Creditors#	1,343,904	1,826,034
Total	1,343,904	1,826,034

In absence of any information from the vendor for their registration (filing of memorandum) under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" the desired information cannot be submitted.

7 Other Current Liabilities

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Tax deducted at Source	-	38,964
Statutory Dues	-	307,841
Advances from Customers	3,631,635	1,250,487
Expenses to be Reimbursed	142,387	524,181
Total	3,774,022	2,121,473

8 Short-term Provisions

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Income Tax Payable	64,170	329,051
Expenses Payable	102,886	59,036
Total	167,056	388,087



MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U29253MH2012PTC226165

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

9A Tangible Assets

Particulars	Gross Block			Depreciation			Net Block	
	April 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals	March 31, 2020	April 1, 2019	For the year	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Office & Other Equipments	535,692	-	-	535,692	212,111	56,367	268,478	323,581
Computer	24,414	-	-	24,414	23,193	-	23,193	1,221
Furniture & Fixtures	2,848,353	-	-	2,848,353	450,743	180,396	631,139	2,397,610
Total	3,408,459	-	-	3,408,459	686,047	236,763	922,810	2,722,412
March 31, 2019	3,408,459	-	-	3,408,459	449,284	236,762	2,722,412	

9B Intangible Assets

Particulars	Gross Block			Amortisation			Net Block	
	April 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals	March 31, 2020	April 1, 2019	For the year	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Software	18,000	-	-	18,000	3,590	3,600	7,190	14,410
Total	18,000	-	-	18,000	3,590	3,600	7,190	14,410
March 31, 2019	-	18,000	-	18,000	-	3,590	14,410	



MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U29253MH2012PTC226165

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

10 Long Term Loans & Advances

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Security Deposits	1,900,500	125,500
Total	1,900,500	125,500

11 Other Non-Current Assts

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Pre-Operative Expenses (To the extent not written off)	242,954	485,908
Total	242,954	485,908

12 Inventories

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Traded Goods & Components	2,686,510	201,560
Total	2,686,510	201,560

13 Trade Receivables

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Unsecured, considered good		
Outstanding for a period exceeding 6 months from the date they are due for payment	2,753,429	1,279,187
Others	1,454,823	5,713,204
Total	4,208,252	6,992,391



MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED

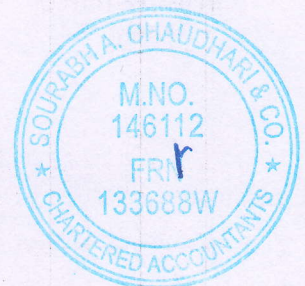
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020**14 Cash and Bank Balances**

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Cash and Cash equivalents:		
Cash on hand	343,049	6,318
Bank Balances:		
- In current accounts	195,424	544,346
- Demand Deposits	-	350,000
	538,473	900,664
Other Bank Balances:		
Long term deposits	-	-
	-	-
Total	538,473	900,664

15 Short-term Loans and Advances

	As at March 31, 2020 Rupees	As at March 31, 2019 Rupees
Unsecured considered good, unless otherwise stated:		
Advances recoverable in Cash or in Kind		
- Considered good	303,797	-
- Considered doubtful	-	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful loans and advances	-	-
	303,797	-
Other Loans and Advances		
- Tax Deducted at Source	21,920	68,580
- Advance Tax	50,000	-
- Balances with Government Authorities	168,424	-
Total	544,141	68,580



16 Revenue

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Sale of Goods	7,651,732	37,846,539
Sale of Services	1,253,022	4,006,906
Total	8,904,754	41,853,445

17 Other Income

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Interest	10,066	3,608
Balance w/off	-	1,800
Total	10,066	5,408

18 Cost of Goods Sold

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Cost of Goods Sold		
Materials and Components Consumed		
Inventory at the beginning of the year (Net)	201,560	-
Add: Purchases	8,337,296	34,128,415
Less: Inventory at the end of the year (Net)	2,686,510	201,560
Materials and Components Consumed	5,852,346	33,926,855
Total	5,852,346	33,926,855

19 Employee Benefit Expenses

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Salary and Allowances	1,584,000	2,319,200
Staff Welfare Expenses	30,047	23,986
Total	1,614,047	2,343,186



MAVENTECH CLEAN & GREEN PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U29253MH2012PTC226165

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020**20 Finance Costs**

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Bank Charges	52	3,885
	52	3,885

21 Depreciation Expenses

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Depreciation of Tangible Assets [Refer note 9]	236,763	236,762
Amortisation of Intangible Assets [Refer note 9]	3,600	3,590
	240,363	240,352

22 Other Expenses

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rupees
Business Promotion	106,907	45,800
Insurance	-	15,918
Office Expenses	32,677	238,767
Power & Fuel	49,260	15,280
Postage & Courier	1,340	2,410
Printing and Stationery	3,025	3,908
Payment to Auditors		
- Audit Fee (As auditor)	25,000	25,000
Rent, Rates & Taxes	-	73,947
Freight Charges	11,400	157,730
Interest / Fees on Late Payment	6,702	-
Labour & Installation Charges	289,953	1,327,336
Site Expenses	2,000	37,402
Advertising & Publicity	6,100	20,000
Professional Fees	36,500	14,950
ROC Fees	24,700	66,000
Telephone & Internet Charges	-	1,623
Travelling & Conveyance	87,200	279,678
Tender & Processing Fees	-	37,180
Misc. Expenses	3,600	14,934
Pre-operative exps w/off	242,955	1,214,775
	929,319	3,592,638



23 I) Related Party Disclosures

(a) Individual having significant influence on Company (Also key management personnel)

- 1 Rajendra P Thakre
- 2 Rohan Upasani
- 3 Madduraj Kulkarni
- 4 Shrikant Joshi
- 5 Pankaj Salgude

II) Transactions with related parties

- 1 Director Remuneration
Rohan Upasani Rs. 6,20,000/- (P.Y. Rs. 6,00,000)
Pankaj Salgude Rs. 6,20,000/- (P.Y. Rs. 6,00,000)
- 2 Purchases from Galaxy Energy Systems Rs. Nil/- (P.Y. Rs. 9,80,173)

24 Earning per Share (EPS)

	March 31, 2020 Rupees	March 31, 2019 Rupees
Profit for the Year attributable to Equity Shareholders (Rs.)	215,009	1,404,698
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each during the year (Basic and Diluted)	10,000	10,000
Earnings per Share (Basic and Diluted) (Rs.)	21.50	140.47

In terms of our report of even date

For Sourabh A. Chaudhari & Co.,
Firm Registration Number: 133688W
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

Sourabh A Chaudhari
Proprietor
Membership Number: 146112

UDIN: 21146112AAAAI4629
Place: Nashik
Date: 18/12/2020



Rajendra P Thakre
DIN: 03082901
Director

Rohan Upasani
DIN: 07979609
Director

Place: Nashik
Date: 18/12/2020